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ESSB 6023 - H AMD TO H AMD (H-3668.3/07) 942 By Representative Schindler

FAILED 4/22/2007

On page 1, line 3 of the striking amendment, after "Sec. 1." strike all material through "instruction." on page 3, line 31 and insert "RCW 28A.655.061 and 2006 c 115 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The high school assessment system shall include but need not be limited to the Washington assessment of student learning, opportunities for a student to retake the content areas of the assessment in which the student was not successful, and if approved by the legislature pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, one or more objective alternative assessments for a student to demonstrate achievement of state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments for each content area shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the Washington assessment of student learning for each content area.
- (2) Beginning with the graduating class of 2008, acquisition of one of the certificates provided in this subsection is required for high school graduation but is not the only requirement for graduation. The student's transcript shall note whether the student earned a certificate of academic achievement, a certificate of completion, or a certificate of individual achievement.
- (a) A student who meets the state standards on each of the content areas required under subsection (5) of this section on the high school Washington assessment of student learning or through an approved objective alternative assessment shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (b) A student who successfully meets all state and local high school graduation requirements except for earning a certificate of academic achievement and fulfills the requirements established in subsection (6) of this section shall earn a certificate of completion.

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- (3) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of the certificate of academic achievement or the certificate of completion for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students eligible and satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045.
- (4) Subject to the conditions in this section, a certificate of academic achievement shall be obtained by most students at about the age of sixteen, and is evidence that the students have successfully met the state standard in the content areas included in the certificate. ((With the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045, acquisition of the certificate is required for graduation from a public high school but is not the only requirement for graduation.
- $\frac{(3)}{(5)(a)}$ Beginning with the graduating class of 2008, ((with the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045,)) a student who meets the state standards on the reading, writing, and mathematics content areas of the high school Washington assessment of student learning shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (b) Beginning with the graduating class of 2010, a student must meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content areas required under (a) of this subsection on the Washington assessment of student learning or an objective alternative assessment in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (6) If a student does not successfully meet the state standards in one or more content areas required for the certificate of academic achievement, then:
- (a) The school district shall prepare a student learning plan, according to the provisions of subsection (12) of this section, that specifies the courses and competencies the student must complete to receive a certificate of completion. The courses and competencies must include instruction in each of the content areas in which the student does not meet the standard on the Washington assessment of student learning. The courses shall be intended to

increase the student's proficiency toward meeting or exceeding the state standards in that content area. Specific consideration shall be given to whether career and technical education courses, online courses, or courses at skill centers could be used to meet the coursework requirements. The student learning plan shall also establish a minimum grade point average that the student must receive in the course in order for the course to count toward the certificate of completion.

(b) The student must retake the assessment in the content area or areas at least annually until the student meets the state standard or the student graduates from high school. The student may retake the assessment in the content area up to four times at no cost to the student. If the student successfully meets the state standards on a retake of the assessment then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. Once objective alternative assessments are authorized pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, a student may use the objective alternative assessments to demonstrate that the student successfully meets the state standards for that content area if the student has ((retaken)) taken the Washington assessment of student learning at least once. If the student successfully meets the state standards on the objective alternative assessments then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.

((4) Beginning with the graduating class of 2010, a student must meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content areas required under subsection (3) of this section on the Washington assessment of student learning or the objective alternative assessments in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement.

- (5) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of the certificate of academic achievement for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045.
- $\frac{(6)}{(7)(a)}$ A student may retain and use the highest result from each successfully completed content area of the high school assessment.
- (((7) Beginning in 2006,)) (b) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high school assessment but who

wish to improve their results shall pay for retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the superintendent of public instruction.

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- (8) School districts must make available to students the following options:
- (a) The opportunity to retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a public school; or
- (b) The opportunity to retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a high school completion program at a community or technical college. The superintendent of public instruction and the state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly identify means by which students in these programs can be assessed.
- (((8) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high school assessment but who wish to improve their results shall pay for retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the superintendent of public instruction.))"
- 21 Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct 22 internal references accordingly.
- On page 6, beginning on line 22 of the striking amendment, strike all of sections 3 and 4
- 25 Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct 26 internal references accordingly.
- On page 21, after line 17 of the striking amendment, insert the following:
- 29 "Sec. 13. RCW 28A.195.010 and 2004 c 19 s 106 are each amended 30 to read as follows:
- The legislature hereby recognizes that private schools should be subject only to those minimum state controls necessary to insure the health and safety of all the students in the state and to

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insure a sufficient basic education to meet usual graduation requirements. The state, any agency or official thereof, shall not restrict or dictate any specific educational or other programs for private schools except as hereinafter in this section provided.

Principals of private schools or superintendents of private school districts shall file each year with the state superintendent of public instruction a statement certifying that the minimum requirements hereinafter set forth are being met, noting any deviations. After review of the statement, the state superintendent will notify schools or school districts of those deviations which must be corrected. In case of major deviations, the school or school district may request and the state board of education may grant provisional status for one year in order that the school or school district may take action to meet the requirements. The state board of education shall not require private school students to meet the student learning goals, obtain a certificate of academic achievement, a certificate of completion, or a certificate of individual achievement to graduate from high school, to master the essential academic learning requirements, or to be assessed pursuant to RCW 28A.655.061. However, private schools may choose, on a voluntary basis, to have their students master these essential academic learning requirements, take the assessments, and obtain a certificate of academic achievement, a certificate of completion, or a certificate of individual achievement. Minimum requirements shall be as follows:

- (1) The minimum school year for instructional purposes shall consist of no less than one hundred eighty school days or the equivalent in annual minimum program hour offerings as prescribed in RCW 28A.150.220.
- (2) The school day shall be the same as that required in RCW 28A.150.030 and 28A.150.220, except that the percentages of total program hour offerings as prescribed in RCW 28A.150.220 for basic skills, work skills, and optional subjects and activities shall not apply to private schools or private sectarian schools.
- (3) All classroom teachers shall hold appropriate Washington state certification except as follows:
- (a) Teachers for religious courses or courses for which no counterpart exists in public schools shall not be required to obtain a state certificate to teach those courses.

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- (b) In exceptional cases, people of unusual competence but without certification may teach students so long as a certified person exercises general supervision. Annual written statements shall be submitted to the office of the superintendent of public instruction reporting and explaining such circumstances.
- (4) An approved private school may operate an extension program for parents, guardians, or persons having legal custody of a child to teach children in their custody. The extension program shall require at a minimum that:
- (a) The parent, guardian, or custodian be under the supervision of an employee of the approved private school who is certified under chapter 28A.410 RCW;
- (b) The planning by the certified person and the parent, guardian, or person having legal custody include objectives consistent with this subsection and subsections (1), (2), (5), (6), and (7) of this section;
- (c) The certified person spend a minimum average each month of one contact hour per week with each student under his or her supervision who is enrolled in the approved private school extension program;
- (d) Each student's progress be evaluated by the certified person; and
- (e) The certified employee shall not supervise more than thirty students enrolled in the approved private school's extension program.
- (5) Appropriate measures shall be taken to safeguard all permanent records against loss or damage.
- (6) The physical facilities of the school or district shall be adequate to meet the program offered by the school or district: PROVIDED, That each school building shall meet reasonable health and fire safety requirements. A residential dwelling of the parent, guardian, or custodian shall be deemed to be an adequate physical facility when a parent, guardian, or person having legal custody is instructing his or her child under subsection (4) of this section.
- (7) Private school curriculum shall include instruction of the basic skills of occupational education, science, mathematics, language, social studies, history, health, reading, writing, spelling, and the development of appreciation of art and music, all

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in sufficient units for meeting state board of education graduation requirements.

(8) Each school or school district shall be required to maintain up-to-date policy statements related to the administration and operation of the school or school district.

All decisions of policy, philosophy, selection of books, teaching material, curriculum, except as in subsection (7) of this section provided, school rules and administration, or other matters not specifically referred to in this section, shall be the responsibility of the administration and administrators of the particular private school involved.

- Sec. 14. RCW 28A.200.010 and 2004 c 19 s 107 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Each parent whose child is receiving home-based instruction under RCW 28A.225.010(4) shall have the duty to:
- (a) File annually a signed declaration of intent that he or she is planning to cause his or her child to receive home-based instruction. The statement shall include the name and age of the child, shall specify whether a certificated person will be supervising the instruction, and shall be written in a format prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction. Each parent shall file the statement by September 15th of the school year or within two weeks of the beginning of any public school quarter, trimester, or semester with the superintendent of the public school district within which the parent resides or the district that accepts the transfer, and the student shall be deemed a transfer student of the nonresident district. Parents may apply for transfer under RCW 28A.225.220;
- (b) Ensure that test scores or annual academic progress assessments and immunization records, together with any other records that are kept relating to the instructional and educational activities provided, are forwarded to any other public or private school to which the child transfers. At the time of a transfer to a public school, the superintendent of the local school district in which the child enrolls may require a standardized achievement test to be administered and shall have the authority to determine the appropriate grade and course level placement of the child after consultation with parents and review of the child's records; and

- (c) Ensure that a standardized achievement test approved by the state board of education is administered annually to the child by a qualified individual or that an annual assessment of the student's academic progress is written by a certificated person who is currently working in the field of education. The state board of education shall not require these children to meet the student learning qoals, master the essential academic requirements, to take the assessments, or to obtain a certificate of academic achievement, a certificate of completion, or a certificate of individual achievement pursuant to RCW 28A.655.061 and 28A.155.045. The standardized test administered or the annual academic progress assessment written shall be made a part of the child's permanent records. If, as a result of the annual test or assessment, it is determined that the child is not making reasonable progress consistent with his or her age or stage of development, the parent shall make a good faith effort to remedy any deficiency.
 - (2) Failure of a parent to comply with the duties in this section shall be deemed a failure of such parent's child to attend school without valid justification under RCW 28A.225.020. Parents who do comply with the duties set forth in this section shall be presumed to be providing home-based instruction as set forth in RCW 28A.225.010(4).
 - **Sec. 15.** RCW 28A.230.090 and 2006 c 114 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The state board of education shall establish high school graduation requirements or equivalencies for students, except those equivalencies established by local high schools or school districts under RCW 28A.230.097.
 - (a) Any course in Washington state history and government used to fulfill high school graduation requirements shall consider including information on the culture, history, and government of the American Indian peoples who were the first inhabitants of the state.
 - (b) The certificate of academic achievement or the certificate of completion requirements under RCW 28A.655.061 or the certificate of individual achievement requirements under RCW 28A.155.045 are

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required for graduation from a public high school but are not the only requirements for graduation.

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- (c) Any decision on whether a student has met the state board's high school graduation requirements for a high school and beyond plan shall remain at the local level.
- (2) In recognition of the statutory authority of the state board of education to establish and enforce minimum high school graduation requirements, the state board shall periodically reevaluate the graduation requirements and shall report such findings to the legislature in a timely manner as determined by the state board. The state board shall reevaluate the graduation requirements for students enrolled in vocationally intensive and rigorous career and technical education programs, particularly those programs that lead to a certificate or credential that is state or nationally recognized. The purpose of the evaluation is to ensure that students enrolled in these programs have sufficient opportunity to earn a certificate of academic achievement or a certificate of completion, complete the program and earn the program's certificate or credential, and complete other state and local graduation requirements. The board shall (([report])) report its findings and recommendations for additional flexibility in graduation requirements, if necessary, to the legislature by December 1, 2007.
- (3) Pursuant to any requirement for instruction in languages other than English established by the state board of education or a local school district, or both, for purposes of high school graduation, students who receive instruction in American sign language or one or more American Indian languages shall be considered to have satisfied the state or local school district graduation requirement for instruction in one or more languages other than English.
- (4) If requested by the student and his or her family, a student who has completed high school courses before attending high school shall be given high school credit which shall be applied to fulfilling high school graduation requirements if:
- (a) The course was taken with high school students, if the academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and eighth grade classes, and the student has successfully passed

by completing the same course requirements and examinations as the high school students enrolled in the class; or

- (b) The academic level of the course exceeds the requirements for seventh and eighth grade classes and the course would qualify for high school credit, because the course is similar or equivalent to a course offered at a high school in the district as determined by the school district board of directors.
- (5) Students who have taken and successfully completed high school courses under the circumstances in subsection (4) of this section shall not be required to take an additional competency examination or perform any other additional assignment to receive credit.
- (6) At the college or university level, five quarter or three semester hours equals one high school credit.
- Sec. 16. RCW 28A.230.125 and 2006 c 263 s 401 and 2006 c 115
 s 6 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the higher education coordinating board, the state board for community and technical colleges, and the work force training and education coordinating board, shall develop for use by all public school districts a standardized high school transcript. The superintendent shall establish clear definitions for the terms "credits" and "hours" so that school programs operating on the quarter, semester, or trimester system can be compared.
- (2) The standardized high school transcript shall include a notation of whether the student has earned a certificate of individual achievement <u>, a certificate of completion</u>, or a certificate of academic achievement.
- (3) Transcripts are important documents to students who will apply for admission to postsecondary institutions of higher education. Transcripts are also important to students who will seek employment upon or prior to graduation from high school. It is recognized that student transcripts may be the only record available to employers in their decision-making processes regarding prospective employees. The superintendent of public instruction shall require school districts to inform annually all high school students that prospective employers may request to see transcripts

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and that the prospective employee's decision to release transcripts can be an important part of the process of applying for employment.

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Sec. 17. RCW 28A.600.310 and 2005 c 125 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Eleventh and twelfth grade students or students who have not yet received the credits required for the award of a high school diploma and are eligible to be in the eleventh or twelfth grades may apply to a participating institution of higher education to enroll in courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education. A student receiving home-based instruction enrolling in a public high school for the sole purpose of participating in courses or programs offered by institutions of higher education shall not be counted by the school district in any required state or federal accountability reporting if the student's parents or quardians filed a declaration of intent to provide homebased instruction and the student received home-based instruction during the school year before the school year in which the student intends to participate in courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education. Students receiving home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW and students attending private schools approved under chapter 28A.195 RCW shall not be required to meet the student learning goals, obtain a certificate of academic achievement, a certificate of completion, or a certificate of individual achievement to graduate from high school, or to master the essential academic learning requirements. However, students are eligible to enroll in courses or programs in participating universities only if the board of directors of the student's school district has decided to participate in the program. Participating institutions of higher education, in consultation with school districts, may establish admission standards for these students. If the institution of higher education accepts a secondary school pupil for enrollment under this section, the institution of higher education shall send written notice to the pupil and the pupil's school district within ten days of acceptance. The notice shall indicate the course and hours of enrollment for that pupil.
- (2) The pupil's school district shall transmit to the institution of higher education an amount per each full-time

1 equivalent college student at statewide uniform rates for 2 vocational and nonvocational students. The superintendent of public instruction shall separately calculate and allocate moneys 3 appropriated for basic education under RCW 28A.150.260 to school 4 5 districts for purposes of making such payments and for granting school districts seven percent thereof to offset program related 6 The calculations and allocations shall be based upon the 7 estimated statewide annual average per full-time equivalent high 8 school student allocations under RCW 28A.150.260, excluding small 9 high school enhancements, and applicable rules adopted under 10 11 chapter 34.05 RCW. The superintendent of public instruction, the higher education coordinating board, and the state board for 12 community and technical colleges shall consult on the calculation 13 and distribution of the funds. The institution of higher education 14 shall not require the pupil to pay any other fees. The funds 15 received by the institution of higher education from the school 16 district shall not be deemed tuition or operating fees and may be 17 retained by the institution of higher education. A student 18 enrolled under this subsection shall not be counted for the purpose 19 20 of determining any enrollment restrictions imposed by the state on the institution of higher education." 21

Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

EFFECT: Beginning with the class of 2008, students who meet all state and local graduation requirements except meeting the state standard on the WASL can graduate by earning a Certificate of Completion. Students who pass all required content areas on the WASL continue to earn a Certificate of Academic Achievement, and special education students continue to earn the Certificate of Individual Achievement. Learning Plans must specify the courses and competencies students must complete to receive a Certificate of Completion, as well as the minimum GPA received for those courses. Various sections of law are amended to reference the new Certificate.

Provisions changing the dates by which students must pass the math and science WASL in order to graduate are removed.